



P.S.P.M's

**Mahila Homoeopathic Medical College & Dr. Vilas Harpale  
PG Homoeopathic Institute & Yugandhar Multispecialty  
Hospital & Research Centre, Solapur**

283/1 B, Kolgiri Nagar, Hotgi Road, Majrewadi, Solapur. Ph. 0217-2991515

Name of the Student Vedashri Ravikant Amare Subject Organon of Medicine

Examination Semester Examination

Class II<sup>nd</sup> yr

Roll No. 02

Date 05/08/2023

Name of the Supervisor \_\_\_\_\_

Total Marks \_\_\_\_\_

Other Remarks \_\_\_\_\_

Question No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Marks Obtained			19		43½					=	63

Sign. of the Supervisor

Sign. of the Examiner

(Please start writing from here : Write on both sides)

Que-1

1. ~~D) 3~~

2. ~~D) All of Above~~

3. ~~B) 59~~

4. ~~A) Physical General~~

5. ~~B) complete Symptom~~

6. ~~D) 4~~

7. ~~B) New~~

8. ~~A) Headache~~

9. ~~A) 1816~~

10. ~~A) Unconditionally~~

11. ~~A) characteristic~~

12. ~~A) Hahne mann~~



13. ~~D) All of these~~

14. ~~A) Inductive~~

15. ~~C) Both A and B~~

16. ~~A) Patient~~

17. ~~D) All of the Above~~

18. ~~D) All of the Above~~

19. ~~B) concomitant~~

20. ~~A) Diagnosis~~

Que.2

### 3. Mission —

• Aphorism : 1

¶ 1. "The physician's high and only mission is to restore the sick to health, to the cure, as it is termed."

#### Mission →

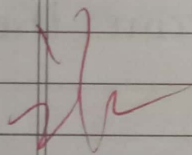
- The physician's or doctor's mission while treating the patient is to cure the patient whole, not the disease.
- In short, Mission is the goal or aim of the physician itself to treat the patient as a whole and not only the disease.
- Hahnemann got disconnected and found fault in therapeutic procedure prevalent during his time.
- The word mission is commonly means 'the purpose for which and how, to send persons for the spread of religion.'
- Task or goal assigned to a person or group, it is known as mission.
- In any mission or task or the goal, the heart, mind and all concentration is towards the human suffering.
- Mission of the physician or the doctor is more clearly seen when patient feels



better and satisfied during or after the treatment.

- The doctor's or physician's mission is to cure or treat the patient as a whole and not only the disease.

- Mission of the whole "Homeopathy is not the religion but the rule of practice!"





Que. 2

4.

## Health and Disease Define →

Aphorism 1 :

¶ 1. "The physician's high and only mission is to restore the sick to the health to cure, as it is termed."

• Health :

- Health is the balanced state of life characterised by the normal functioning of spiritual vital force which maintains and co-ordinates the different physiological activities of living organism harmoniously in an admirable way.

• Disease :

- Diseases are the manifested outwardly by the different signs and the symptoms of which some may be the most agonising type while others may be least painful.

- Every symptom indicates a deviation from the state of health.

- Hence each and every symptom has to be removed in its whole extent in order to cure the disease.

- The removal of symptoms is not followed by a restoration to health.

Que. 2 5. Cure →

- Cure has special meaning in practice -  
1. Removal of the whole of the perceptible signs and symptoms of the disease.

2. Annihilation of the morbid derangement of the vital force.

- The palliation or suppression does not mean the cure.

- Dr. Constantine Hering has summarised that the orderly disappearance of the symptoms —

1. From above downward

2. From within outward

3. In reverse order of the appearance of the symptoms.

- Hahnemann says that the cure is only possible by homoeopathy.

- So the sole duty of the doctor is to heal the sick man, to cure the suffering humanity.



## Que.2 1. Discovery of Homoeopathy :

- The Cullen's Materia Medica establishment is the first milestone on the new method of treatment of which Hahnemann was oriented.
- In 1790, while translating Cullen's Materia Medica from English to German, he came upon an idea which was to be German Office completely new system of medicine Homoeopathy.
- Cullen was a professor of medicine and he had devoted 20 pages of Materia Medica to Hahnemann.
- In Materia Medica, the therapeutic indication of peruvian Bark and his success in treatment of intermitted fever, it was bitter and its tonic effect on stomach.
- Hahnemann was dissatisfied with explanation so that he did something extraordinary. He took medicine himself to his great astonishment. He was attacked by symptoms similar to malarial fever. This unexpected result set up in his mind a new train of thoughts.
- He conducted similar experiment on himself and other individuals with other medicines on the basis of such successive experiment.



- He came to conclusion that medicine cure diseases because they can produce similar disease in healthy individual.

- By this experiment, the Hahnemann came on the conclusion that there is some pathy which help in healing the disease in accordance with the nature of that particular medicine prepared.

- ~~As~~ Homoeopathy, deals with the plant and animal extract showing similar property as the ~~symptoms~~ patient or person recommended for.

- As like this the, Homeopathy is discovered.

7/4/2

Que. 3 1. Rapid and Gentle :

• Aphorism 2 :

§ 2. "The highest ideal of cure is rapid, gentle and permanent restoration of the health or removal and annihilation of disease in its whole extent, in shortest, most reliable, most harmless way, on easily comprehensible principle".

• Rapid and Gentle →

1. Rapid →

- The cure of the disease is quick or speedy because-

i. Longer the suffering, more chances of tissue damage. And more the tissue change, more the incurable disease becomes.

ii. Disease is suffering.

The sooner a person relieved on his suffering better for him.

- 'Rapidity' is the relative term and depends upon the nature of the disease.

2. Gentle →

- The procedure adopted to a cure is gentle.

- This means that treatment should not give much suffering to the patient because the diseased patient is already in suffering in other way.

• IF it is done, it is like the fuel is adding to the fire.

- Hence the treatment should be gentle so that patient doesn't suffer.

3





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Que.3

2.

Harmless and Shortest →

• Aphorism 2 :

¶ 2. "The highest of ideal cure is rapid, gentle and permanent restoration of the health or removal and annihilation of disease in its whole extent, in shortest, most reliable, most harmless way, on easily comprehensible principle".

• Harmless →

- cure should be effected in most harmless way.

- The treatment should have no side effects on any other organ or tissue.

- The mode of treatment which causes the damage of heart in order to cure a simple fever can not be preferred as ideal one.



• Shortest →

- The way to cure the disease should be shortest.

- We may reach our destination, in direct way or in straight way or in zig-zag way.

- But the straight-way / approach is preferred as they are time saving.

- Though word shortest is a relative term, yet it is possible only by application of most similar remedy

- the simillimum one at a time,

3



Que. 3 3. Knowledge of Disease →

Aphorism 3 :

§ 3. The true practitioner of healing must have following knowledge —

- a. knowledge of disease indication
- b. knowledge of medicinal power
- c. knowledge of application of drug knowledge to disease knowledge.
- d. knowledge of choice of remedy
- e. knowledge of exact mode of preparation.
- f. knowledge of proper dose required.
- g. knowledge of proper repetition of dose.
- h. knowledge of obstacles to cure and their removal.

• Knowledge of Disease →

- The first item of knowledge that the physician is to acquire the knowledge about disease.

1/2 - The physician should "clearly perceive the what is to be cured in diseases", that is to say in every individual and disease".

- The word perceive means to see / look into not merely seen.



Que. 3 4. Knowledge of Medicine —

Aphorism 3 —

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• Knowledge of Medicine —

3 - The physician should have a knowledge of medicine which is an essential instrument to cure the disease.

- So the curative power of the medicine must be known.

- It can not be learned by any ingenious or prior speculations, not by smell, taste or appearance of drugs and not by their chemical analysis.

## ue.4 2. Aphorism 1 :

Ø1. "The physician's high and only mission is to restore the sick to health, to the cure, as it is termed".

⊙ Explanation →

• High and Only —

- The physician has two roles to play —

1. To cure diseases

2. To preserve health and prevent the diseases in the individual and community.

Among these two, first and foremost or prime aim of physician is to cure the disease.

• Health, Sick and cure —

- Health -

Health is a balanced state of life characterized by the normal functioning of the spiritual vital force which maintains the and co-ordinates the different physiological activities of the living organisms harmoniously in an admirable way.

- Sick —

When the vital force is primarily, dynamically deranged, the normal functioning of organism is disturbed.



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6

Que 5

1.

### Aphorism 3 :

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Name of the Student Ganika Chinash Jadhav Subject physiology  
Examination 3rd periodic Class 2<sup>nd</sup> 1<sup>st</sup> year 22-23  
Roll No. 25 Date 26/03/2024  
Name of the Supervisor \_\_\_\_\_ Total Marks \_\_\_\_\_

Other Remarks \_\_\_\_\_

Question No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	Total
Marks Obtained	05	2	4								<u>11</u> <u>20</u>

Sign. of the Supervisor \_\_\_\_\_

Sign. of the Examiner \_\_\_\_\_

(Please start writing from here : Write on both sides)

Q.1

✓

1)

b) lymph

✓

2)

c) erythrocytes

✓

3)

c) reflex brachycephalic

✓

4)

b) Protein

✓

5)

d) 1 million

05

Q.2

## 1] Peristalsis

Peristalsis define as the wave of contraction to be composite wave

- consisting of a wave of relaxation followed by a wave of consist translate movement and travels down the gut in an aboral direction.

Bayliss and Starling have the demonstrated this applied to given Starling and Bayliss theory.

- The local reflex of smooth muscle and their transic plexuses this is called the law of transic plexuses.

- Usually two types of contraction

1] peristaltic

2] demonstrated

wave are present in it.

- The peristaltic wave move through elite aborally and orally to be the direction



due to gradient of the rhythmically and conductivity of the peristalsis wave such as the gradient in it.

- Types of peristalsis.

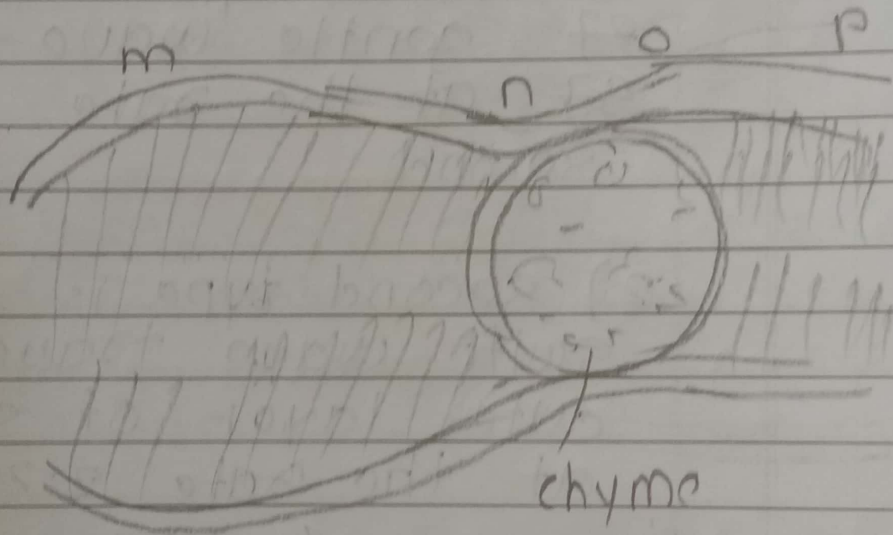
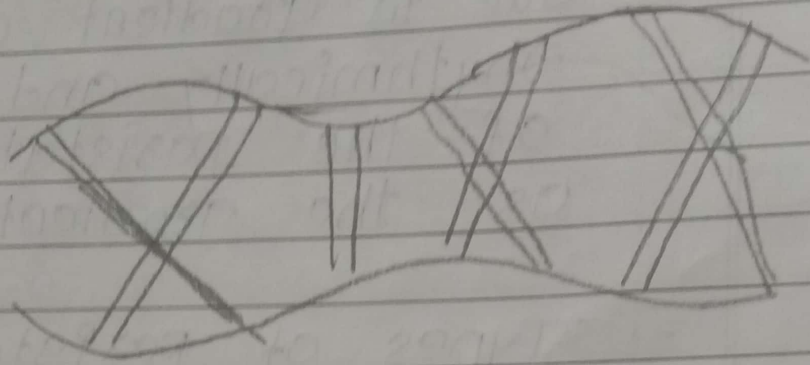
There are 3 types of peristalsis.

1) First type is a slow gentle wave moving at the rate 1-2 cm per second

2) Second type is slow & very swift wave travelling the outer layer of small gut at the rate 2-25 cm.

3) Third type in every respect it is same as peristalsis excepting the

2





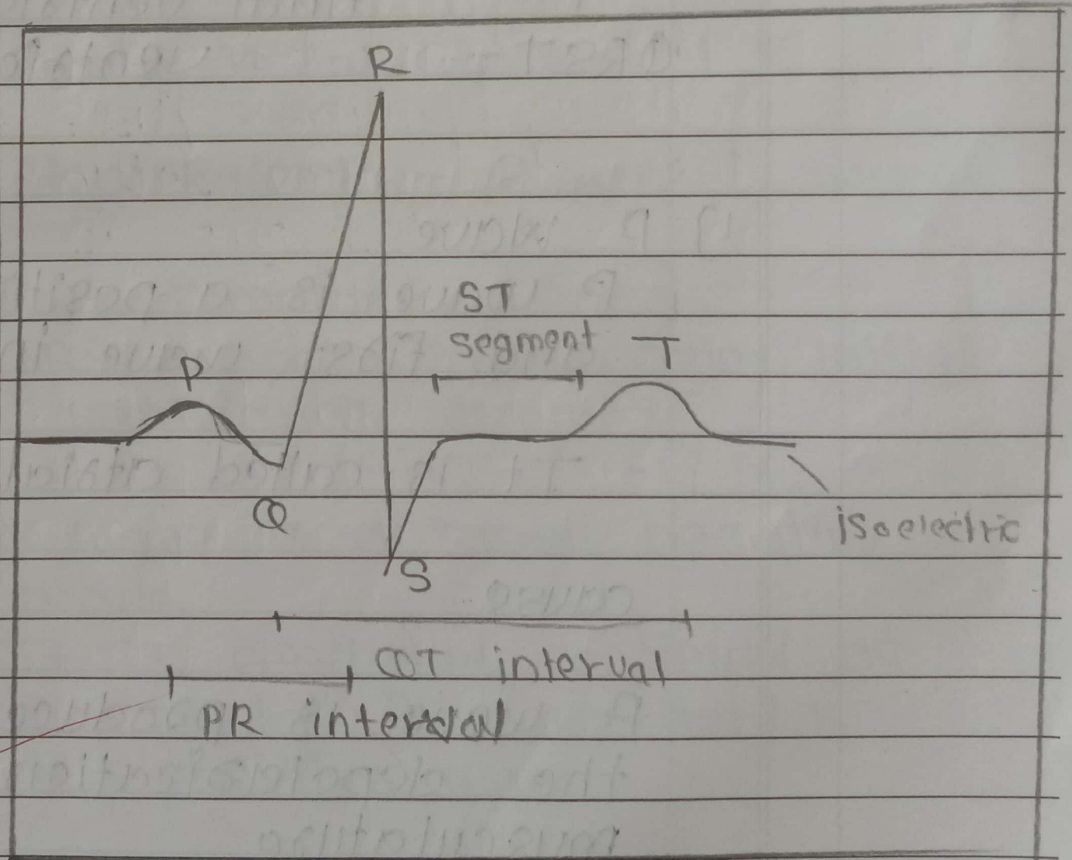
Q.3

ECG

Electrocardiogram is the record of graphical registration of electrical activities of the heart.

Electrocardiogram is useful in determining and diagnosing

- 1) Heart rate
- 2) Heart rhythm
- 3) abnormal conduction



## Waves of ECG

Normal ECG consist of waves, complexes, intervals, and segments

Waves of ECG recorded by limb

P wave - atrial complex

QRS - complex the initial ventricular complex

T - final ventricular complex

QRST - ventricular complex

### 1) P wave

P wave is a positive wave and first wave in ECG

- It is called atrial complex.

cause.

P wave is produced due to the depolarization of atrial musculature.

Depolarization spread from SA node to all parts of atrial musculature.



atrial repolarization is not recorded as a separate wave in ECG because it merges with ventricular repolarization

Duration

Normal - 0.1 sec.

Amplitude - 0.1 to 0.12 mV

clinical significance.

- Right atrial hypertrophy. P wave is tall in lead II
- Hyperkalemia - P wave is absent

2) QRS complex

QRS complex is also called initial ventricular complex

Q wave is a small negative wave.

It is followed by a tall R wave which is positive wave.

cause.

QRS complex is due to depolarization of ventricular complex.